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OUR DEATH TRAPS

Every town and most of the cities in this broad land maintain death traps, and Logan is no exception to the rule. We refer to dangerous railroad crossings, where no safety gates or a watchman or even an automatic bell is placed to sound note of warning.

In smaller towns, the railroad companies maintain, it is too expensive to maintain crossing watchmen. That may be true, at the rate human life seems to be valued this day in time. But there can be no argument against safety gates and alarm bells at streets or road crossings, the kind that work automatically when the train reaches a specified point. These are not expensive to maintain, and we figure that if the life of but one citizen was saved by them they would more than pay for themselves forever.

The trouble with the railroad companies is that they have too strongly impressed upon the people of the small town that they are doing the town a favor by running trains thru it. They never admit that they expect to take out more than they put in or they wouldn't have built the road. And the trouble with most citizens of the small towns is they are too afraid of "hurting somebody's feelings," or that a train or two may be taken off. The latter is foolish. The railroads can be forced to give service and they know it.

The life of even one resident of this section is too precious to warrant mushy sentiment to keep us out of gates and bells, either or both, at railroad crossings. And right now would be a good time to demand—not request—to demand that these death traps be eliminated here. It

would also be a good time to set about electing a legislature that would require them at every other point in the state.

SPEAKING OF KAISER BILL

Two stories concerning the ex-kaiser are going the rounds of the daily papers, both of which will be interesting to Logan as they are always interested in reading about the world's most despised being.

The first story is to the effect that the ex-kaiser is speculating in stocks, and that he is winning. In fact, it is stated that he has been so successful his fortune is twice as large now as it was when he went into exile. Which goes to show that he ought to have gambled in stocks and bonds in the first place, instead of in the matter of human lives.

The other story is to the effect that couriers go and come from the kaiser's home regularly, carrying mysterious baggage. This baggage is locked and sealed and the key carried by another man than the one who carries the baggage. The man with the key reaches the kaiser's house one day and the man with the baggage the next day. Then the man with the key returns to Berlin and the next day the man with the baggage joins him. And all Europe is excited over the story.

It may excite Europe. But if such a thing was being pulled off over here in this country we'd merely think somebody was bootlegging.

BETTER GOVERNMENT FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

The Virgin Islands are at present governed by order of the President through officers of the navy. The arrangement is but a temporary one. As to whether it should be superseded by civil government provided by Congress is to be determined by a joint committee composed of three Senators and three representatives appointed under the authority of a joint resolution just passed by the two houses. The committee will also make a thorough investigation of the general conditions existing in the islands, and submit a full report to Congress of their observations. That the trip of the committee to the islands will be in no sense a pleasure junket, but strictly for the purpose of providing a better government for the islands, is indicated by the limitation in the resolution of its expenditures to \$2,500.

Two things happen in this country every four years. The girls get a chance to propose and Bryan gets a chance to run for president.

Hoover--Wilson's
Last Hope.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30.—The Republican Publicity Association through its president, Hon. Jonathan Bourne Jr., today gave out the following statement from its Washington headquarters:

"The suddenness with which the Hoover boom has sprung into prominence excited the wonder of the people at large and arouses the suspicions of those who have been intimately associated with the selection of presidential candidates in the past. An investigation of the various sources from which the Hoover propaganda for looking askance at its sincerity. The seeming spontaneity with which people in various parts of the country have felt called upon to get behind the Hoover candidacy is explained when one realizes who they are and from whom they have taken their inspiration heretofore.

"Herbert Hoover is the internationalist par excellence. His life has been spent in Australia, China, Burma and England, except for his young manhood which he lived in the United States until twenty-three years of age. During the war it has been his business to distribute food among the various nations according to their needs. To do so has used the power delegated to him by the president to ration the people of this native country, and compel sacrifices on their part for the good of the world as a whole. He is one of the leaders of the school that insists the United States should subordinate all thought of its own national welfare in the interests of humanity in general. He is, therefore, an ardent supporter of the league of nations, and a staunch believer in the Wilsonian policy of internationalism.

"A review of those who are calling the loudest for Mr. Hoover for President shows that they are the same men who have been most vociferous for the ratification of the peace treaty unamended. The New York World, President Wilson's mouthpiece, is outspoken in advocacy of Mr. Hoover. Democratic senators, who have stood by the president and accomplished the defeat of the Lodge reservations at his dictation, are now offering their support for Hoover. Mr. Taft while careful not to endorse him unreservedly, extols Mr. Hoover's qualities as an executive, and testifies to his belief in the league, 'in which he is deeply interested and which he believes to be essential to the stabilizing of the world.' The ex-president warns Republican senators that they must compromise the Lodge reservations or Mr. Hoover will enter the campaign and secure a large part of the Republican vote.

"Mr. Wilson knows that he cannot hope for a third nomination and election. He is not physically or mentally fitted to stand the strain of another campaign, even if assured of enough support to make him the candidate of the convention. Furthermore he must realize from the attitude of the Senate and from the various straw votes that have been taken throughout the country that there isn't the slightest hope of success for the unamended league as a campaign issue. He knows that any candidate holding to his own league views and who has been actively identified with pro league activity in the past would be doomed to defeat. His one best hope is to force the election of somebody whose views are more or less of a mystery to the people as a whole, but who, he is convinced, will carry out his own league policy if elected to the White House.

"Mr. Hoover is the man, and his sudden entrance into the presidential limelight so soon after Mr. Bryan's declaration for league reservations, bears out the belief that he is Mr. Wilson's choice. As one man puts it: 'If the Democrats run him it will be because they're politically bankrupt, and hope to save something out of the impending wreck.'

MAKE PROGRESS
IN PHILIPPINES

Woman Has Advanced in Professional and Industrial Life,
Says One of Them.

IS HUSBAND'S REAL PARTNER

Shares With Him the Cares of Business, Especially in Its Financial Aspects—Many Take Up Legal Profession.

New York—Miss Jaimie De Veyra, wife of one of the representatives of the Philippine Islands to the United States, has recently been visiting women's clubs in New York city, telling what she has already told the women of Washington. They have fine systems of education, she says, good schools, and a high degree of economic usefulness. Miss De Veyra wore, in giving her talks, one of the beautiful gowns of the Philippines, a delicate pineapple fabric, hand-woven and hand-embroidered, shaped like a gauzy-winged butterfly.

"Things are made very easy for the Filipino woman in many ways," she said. "The professional opportunities are as good for her as for the men. Women are already members of the Philippine Bar association—something which is impossible for the women of Great Britain—they are in business for themselves, and they are successful practicing physicians. Laws made for our women combine the best of Spanish and American precedents.

Made Easy for Women.
"Everything has been made much more simple for us than for either the American or Spanish women. Married women hold their property in severalty, and they are guardians of their own children. Of the property which accrues to a married couple, the wife is half administratrix, and these vested rights which cannot be taken from her. It is not unusual for the mother of a family to have not only a household leadership, but economic control. M. De Veyra, who is interested in history, tells me that before the Spanish came we had a matriarchal system, and this has made the Philippine women self-respecting and valiant.

"Of our 3,141 islands, only 400 are inhabited, the principal ones being Luzon, Mindanao and Visayas; yet even in rural little Barrios you will find some sort of a woman leader. One old woman who has had seventeen children, thirteen having lived to grow up, and who has many grandchildren and great-grandchildren, still exercises full sway over the family, and has the last word to say in all financial affairs. The married children as well as others look up to her, not only as a mother, but as an adviser.

Adapt With Needle.
"Women, when they marry, go into partnerships with their husbands. While the men handle the workers, the women attend to the finances, act as cashiers, pay the workers, and oversee much of the business. They have equality with men in everything except in voting, which the governor general has recommended in his messages to the legislature. When it was first recommended the women had not made much of an effort to gain the vote, but this year appeals came from the provinces and women's clubs and associations. In 1907 there were only thirty women's clubs, but now there are 807. A petition signed by 18,000 women was sent to the law-makers, who granted a joint legislative hearing on woman suffrage. Three Filipino women spoke. Two of them were practicing lawyers, and the one who was said to have made the best speech was Miss Concepcion Calderon, widow of the man who wrote the constitution of Malolos.

"Women who have children and cannot go to the factories take the work home and are paid by the piece. I have heard of one of these workers, from a woman who has an embroidery business, who can make six chemises a day at 30 cents a chemise, every stitch by hand. She has saved a great deal of money besides taking care of her children.

"All of the pineapple cloth is made by the women in their homes on hand-made looms, made by an ordinary carpenter. Comparatively little of it is made nowadays, for it is slow work, and the women cannot afford to do it. Any one who wishes it must give a special order, and it is expensive.

"We are interested in the Philippines in progressive legislation, in public health measures and day nurseries, and the women have introduced a profit-sharing plan in Bilid and other prisons. They have introduced police matrons and industrial teachers for the insane.

"The Woman's Club of Manila is a member of the Federation of Women's Clubs, U. S. A., and now the women are federating their own clubs."

REUNIONS OF THE
CACHE STAKE
OLD FOLKS

At a meeting of the old folks committee of the Cache stake held on Monday evening, January 12th, it was decided that the various wards in the stake should hold their old folks reunion on the following dates:

Logan Third ward, January 22.
Benson ward, January 29.
Logan Fourth ward, January 30.
North Logan, February 5.
Logan Eighth ward, February 5.
Logan Fifth ward, February 6.
Logan Tenth ward, February 12.
Logan Sixth ward, February 12.
Logan Ninth ward, February 13.
Logan Seventh ward, February 13.
Logan First ward, February 19.
Providence First and Second wards February 20.

LORENZO HANSEN,
H. C. PETERSON,
W. R. SLOAN,

Committee.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. From a small beginning its sale and use has extended to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. This alone is enough to convince one that it is a medicine of more than ordinary merit. Give it a trial and you will find this to be the case. Adv

Persevering.

John was at his aunt's house for dinner. She grew alarmed because he was eating so many pancakes. She said: "Do you like them, dear?" He replied: "No, ma'am; I'm only waiting for a good one."

NO GREAT ACT OF HEROISM REQUIRED

If some great act of heroism was necessary to protect a child from croup, no mother would hesitate to protect her offspring, but when it is only necessary to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and give it as soon as the first indication of croup appears, there are many who neglect it. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is within the reach of all and is prompt and effectual. Adv

Umbrellas.

Umbrellas should be washed occasionally. Stand them open, in a bathtub, scrub them with a small hand scrub brush and rinse with a bath spray.

DON'T YOU FORGIVE IT

Bear in mind that Chamberlain's Tablets not only move the bowels, but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. They contain no poison or other digestive ferment but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally.

Cannot Praise this
Remedy too Highly

THE WAY ONE LADY FEELS AFTER SUFFERING TWO YEARS

Judging from her letter, the misery and wretchedness endured by Mrs. Charlie Taylor, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 144, Dillon, S. C., must have been terrible. No one, after reading her letter, can fail to doubt the great healing power of PE-RU-NA for troubles due to catarrh or entangled conditions in any part of the body. Her letter is an inspiration to every sick and suffering man or woman anywhere. Here it is: "I suffered two years with catarrh of the head, stomach and bowels. Tried two of the best doctors, who gave me up. I then took PE-RU-NA and can truthfully say I am well. When I began to use PE-RU-NA, I weighed one hundred pounds. I now weigh now is one hundred and fifty. I cannot praise PE-RU-NA too highly, for it has done so much for me. I got relief from the first half bottle and twelve bottles cured me. I advise all sufferers to take PE-RU-NA."

As an aid to your health in the home, there is nothing quite the equal of this reliable, trusted medicine, PE-RU-NA. Thousands place their sole dependence on it for coughs, colds, stomach and bowel trouble, constipation, rheumatism, pains in the back, side and loins and to prevent the grip and Spanish Flu. To keep the blood pure and maintain bodily strength and robustness, take PE-RU-NA. You can buy PE-RU-NA anywhere in either tablet or liquid form.

THE CHEVROLET "Four - Ninty"

Touring Car is comfortable to ride in, and easy to drive. It has weight enough to keep to the road at all times. It has ample spring suspension. The seats are well upholstered, deep and roomy. And it is an easy car to handle in close traffic.

If you are interested in a profitable and pleasurable investment, come in and inspect our line of Chevrolet models, then ride in one. You will be surprised how enjoyable and smooth riding they really are, and their economy of operation will also interest you.

"CHEVROLET"

A Veteran Civil of the War Writes

I had occasion to take a trip with my wife and grand-daughters and I made the trip of 351 miles as shown by my speedometer in the elapsed time of eleven hours and forty-nine minutes from Cincinnati to Chicago. I averaged 25 1-10 miles per gallon for the trip and drove the car the entire distance myself.

C. S. AMUSSEN, Agt.

Chevrolet Motor Cars

40 S Main St.

Logan, Utah

